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latter for any punishable act committed before their emigration, but not for the act of emigrating itself, always excepting cases of limitation or any other remission of liability.

### Article V

It is agreed between both parties to define the word "citizenship," as used in this convention, to mean the status of a person possessing the nationality of the United States or Nicaragua.

### Article VI

The present convention shall be in force for a period of ten years from the date of the exchange of ratifications. If, one year before the expiration of this period, neither of the parties gives notice to the other that it shall expire, it shall continue in force until twelve months after such notice is given.

### Article VII

The present convention shall be ratified constitutionally by each country, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Washington or at Managua within two years from date at the latest.

Done in Managua the seventh of December one thousand nine hundred and eight, sealed and signed in two copies of same tenor in English and Spanish.

John Hanaford Gregory Jr. [seal.]
Rodolfo Espinosa R. [seal.]

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## SUPPLEMENTARY NATURALIZATION CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND NICARAGUA.[1]

*Signed at Managua, July 17, 1911; ratifications exchanged March 28, 1912*

The President of the United States of America and the President of the Republic of Nicaragua, considering it expedient to prolong the period in which, by Article VII of the naturalization convention signed by the respective plenipotentiaries of the United States and Nicaragua at Managua on December 7, 1908, the exchange of the ratifications of the

U. S. Treaty Series, No. 567.

said convention shall be effected, have for that purpose appointed their respective plenipotentiaries, namely:

The President of the United States of America, Elliott Northcott, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America; and

The President of the Republic of Nicaragua, Tomás Martinez, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Nicaragua,

Who, after having communicated each to the other their respective full powers, which were found to be in good and due form, have agreed to the following additional and amendatory article to be taken as a part of the said convention:

SOLE ARTICLE

The respective ratifications of the said convention shall be exchanged at Washington or at Managua as soon as possible and within two years from December 7, 1910.

In faith whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the present supplementary and amendatory convention in duplicate in the English and Spanish languages and have hereunto affixed their seals.

Done at Managua this seventeenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

[SEAL.] ELLIOTT NORTHCOTT.
[SEAL.] TOMÁS MARTINEZ.

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## PROTOCOL BETWEEN PERU AND ITALY FOR THE ARBITRATION OF THE CANEVARO CLAIM [1]

*Signed at Lima, April 25, 1910*

Dr. Don Meliton F. Porras, Minister of Foreign Relations of Peru, and Count Giulio Bolognesi, Chargé d'Affaires of Italy, having met at the office of the former, have agreed upon the following:

The Government of the Peruvian Republic, and the Government of His Majesty, the King of Italy, not having succeeded in reaching an agreement in regard to the claim presented by the latter on behalf of Count Napoleon, Carlos and Rafael Canevaro, for the payment of the sum of forty-three thousand, one hundred and forty pounds sterling

[1] *Boletín del Ministerio de Relaciones Exteriores of Peru*, No. XXXV, p. 261. Translated from the Spanish by Mr. Antonio M. Opisso, of Washington, D. C.